# Annual Report 2024

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# 2024

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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

# **BOAR OF DIRECTORS**

Mrs. Saba Sohail	Director/Chairperson
Mr. Sohail Ahmed	Chief Executive
Mr. Asim Ahmed	Director
Ms. Sana Sohail	Director
Mr. Farhan Sohail	Director
Mr. Salim Razak Tabani	Indepandant Director
Mr. Mansoor Mubeen	Indepandant Director
Mr. Tahir Abbas	NBP Nominee Director
Mr. Muhammad Zaheer Abbas	NBP Nominee Director

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Mansoor Mubeen	Chairman
Mrs. Saba Sohail	Member
Mrs. Sana Sohail	Member

# HR AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Salim Razak Tabani Mrs. Saba Sohail Mrs. Sana Sohail COMMITT Chairman Member Member

# CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Farrukh Naveed

AUDITORS Muniff Ziauddin & Co. Chartered Accountants

# **LEGAL ADVISOR** Mohsin Tayab & Co.,

# BANKERS

Bank Islamic Limited Bank Al Habib Limited Summit Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited

# SHARES REGISTRAR

M/S. F.D. Registrar Services (SMC-Pvt.) Limited, Office # 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower, 'A', I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. **REGISTERED OFFICE** B-40, S.I.T.E., Karachi.



# **Review Report by the Chairman on Board's overall**

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors of (the "Board") of SG Allied Businesses Limited (the "Company") is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and bench marked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company. Areas where improvements are required are duly considered and action plans are framed.

The Board has recently completed its annual self-evaluation for the year ended June 30, 2024 and I report that:

The overall performance of the Board measured on the basis of approved criteria for the year was satisfactory. The overall assessment as Satisfactory is based on an evaluation of the following integral components, which have a direct bearing on Board's role in achievement of Company's objectives:

I am pleased to present Review Report on the overall performance of the Board of Directors (the Board) and the role played by them in achieving the objectives of SG Allied Businesses Limited (the Company) during the Financial Year ended June 30, 2024. The Board's primary responsibility is to provide strategic directions to a company and oversee the management's role in achieving a company's objective. The Board meets as and when needed and had held [four] meetings during the year under review.

The members are aware that the Board, with approval of members, had entered into a new lines of businesses moving from manufacturing of fiber to the growing of herbs and high value plants under controlled conditions, establishment of cold storage and warehouses facilities. During the year, all these projects have been operational.

After successful operations of the cold storage facilities, vertical farming of herbs and mushrooms and establishment of warehouse, new hydroponic facilities have also been established so as to add new agricultural products for production of agricultural products. I am pleased to note that with the keen interest of the Board, the Company's products have been very well received in the market. Due to successful indoor production of herbs and vegetables, the Company is now on path of recovery.

Alhamdulillah, Component-wise brakeup of the Company's revenue during the last three years is as follows:

Heads	2022	2023	2024
Mushroom	14,247,055	22,138,658	48,166,021
Cold Store	5,691,156	3,667,791	9,032,255
Warehouse-	53,838,429	77,065,700	83,049,302

This shows a very healthy growth in all the aforesaid Three areas.

On the adoption of new lines of businesses, initially, the Company faced lot of challenges in all areas but now with the foresight of the Board have overcome the impediments, the Company has established a good customer base and sales are showing a healthy trend. The Board is committed to achieve greater heights in its new lines of businesses and growth in



sales. I offer my gratitude to the Board of Directors as well as the shareholders for their consistent support and assistance

1. Vision, mission and values: Board members are familiar write the current vision, mission and values and support them. The Board revisits the mission and vision statement from time to time,

2. Engagement in strategic planning: Board has a clear understanding of the stakeholders (shareholders, customers, employees, vendors, Society at large) whom the Company serves. The Board has a strategic vision of how the organization should be evolving over the next three to five years. Further Board sets annual goals and targets for the management in all major performance areas.

3. Diligence: The Board members diligently performed their duties and thoroughly reviewed, discussed and approved Business Strategies, Corporate Objectives, plans, budgets, financial statements and other reports. It received clear and succinct agendas and supporting written material in sufficient time prior to board and committee meetings. The board met frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities.

- 4. Monitoring of organization's business activities: The Board remained updated with respect to achievement of Company's objectives, goals, strategies and financial performance through regular presentations by the management, internal and external auditors and other independent consultants. The Board provided appropriate direction and oversight on a timely basis.
- 5. Diversity and Mix: The Board members effectively bring the diversity to the Board and constitute a mix of independent and non-executive directors. The non-executive and independent directors were equally involved in important board decisions.
- 6. Governance and Control Environment: The Board has effectively set the tone-at-the-top, by putting in place transparent and robust system of governance. This is reflected by setting up an effective control environment, compliance with best practices of corporate governance and by promoting ethical and fair behavior across the company.

Saba Sohail Chairperson.

Karachi Dated: 07 October 2024



# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 56th Annual General Meeting of the members of **M/s SG Allied Businesses Limited** will be held on **Monday October 28, 2024 at 11:00 AM** at Company Registered Office at B-40, S.I.T.E., Karachi to transact the following business:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of 55th Annual General Meeting held on October 27, 2023.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt audited annual accounts of the company for the year ended June 30, 2024 together with the Directors' and Auditors' report thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditors for the year 2024-25 and fix their remunerations.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

# Karachi: October 07, 2024

By Order of the Board

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Farrukh Naveed (Company Secretary)

# Notes

- 5. The Shares Transfer 'gooks of the Company will remain closed from **October 22, 2024 to October 28, 2024** (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting.
- 6. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend the meeting and vote instead of him/her. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Director's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy from the Company. Proxies in order to be effective must reach at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- Members are requested to notify change in their mailing address, if any, immediately to the Share 11,), registrar of the Company M/S F.D. Registrar Services (Private) Limited, Office No. 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.
- 8. Members, who have deposited their shares with the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. (CDC), are requested to bring their original Computerized National Identity Cards along with their account numbers in CDC for verification at the time of the meeting. 5. CDC account holders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- 9. CDC account holders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular I dated January 26, 2000 issued by teh Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.



# SG Allied Businesses Limited DIRECTOR' REPORT

The Board of Directors of SG Allied Businesses Limited (SGABL) is pleased to present the 56th Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of the Company together with Auditor's Report for the year ended 30th June 2024.

The Auditors have issued a qualified report. The directors would like to comment on the qualifications as under:

i) The Company is pursuing to fulfil the requirements of IAS 41 — Agriculture in relation to the biological assets held by the Company.

# FINANCIAL RESULTS

The performance of the Company during the year under review has been on track of growth as projected. The Company achieved good growth in sales of agricultural products which stood at Rs. 48,166,021 as compared to previous year's sales of Rs.18,470,867. In addition, service income from cold storage has been Rs. 9,032,755 as compared to previous year's sales of Rs. 3,667,791. Combined sales on the two accounts have been Rs. 57,198,776 as compared to Rs. 22,138,658 of the previous year. The cost of sales during the year went up substantially and were Rs. 39,196,015 as compared to previous year's cost of sales of Rs. 25,179,883. The major increases in the cost have been on account of procurement of special soil for indoor farming, supplies and materials for indoor farming and procurement of raw materials. Although the Company was able to earn gross profit of Rs. 15,639,661 for the year, its operating loss has been Rs. 99,867,573 The Company earned rental income of Rs. 83,049,302 for the year which reduced the losses to Rs. 18,607,059. Net loss has been Rs.16,138,497. The accumulated loss stand at Rs. 782,202,292.



	2024	2023
Sale	57,198,776	22,138,658
Cost of Sales	41,559,115	22,365,706
Gross Profit	15,639,661	(227,048)
Admin & Selling Expenses	115,507,235	85,302,056
Other Income	83,049,302	77,065,700
Financial Charges	35,687	(20,980)
Loss before taxation	18,607,059	9,724,439)
Loss after taxation	16,138,497	8,359,464
Earnings per share	(1.08)	(0.56)

Following are the financial results for the year ended June 30, 2024.

During the financial year following were the Directors of the Company:

S.No.	Name of Directors	
1	Mr. Sohail Ahmed	
2	Mr. Asim Ahmed	
3	Mr. Farhan Sohail	
4	Ms. Saba Sohail	
5	Mr. Mansoor Mubeen	
6	Ms. Sana Sohail	
7	Mr. Salim Razak Tabani	
8	Mr. Tahir Abbas	NBP Nominee Director
9	Mr. Muhammad Zaheer Abbas	NBP Nominee Director



Company were involved in the businesses of Hi-tech Agriculture product, cold storage and providing services of tenancy.

During the year there was no such risk was faced by the company.

# **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

Financial results show a continuous upward trend in sales from vertical farming, Mushrooms Production and cold storage earnings and renting of warehouse. Company has further launched mushroom project of white button mushrooms successfully and as a result white button mushroom production has started. It is planned to enhance production and one more hydroponic room for mushroom production will be added soon.

It is further added that the Company has started purchasing power from K-Electric instead of its associated company M/s SG Power Limited. As a result, the Company has been able to achieve increase its production and resultantly achieve increase in sales. New Products like Hydroponic fodder, edible flowers, more variety of Micro green will further result in increased sale as Company now has large network of sale markets and restaurants.

# **COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE (GOVERNANCE)**

In accordance with the requirement of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulation 2019 the Directors hereby confirm that:

- The financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 prepared by the management present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operation, cash flow and change in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.
- The Company is in the process of implementing internal control.
- There has been no material departure from the best practice of Code of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- The Directors, Chief Executive and their spouses and minor children did not carry out any transaction in the shares of the Company during the year.
- Compliance of Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.
- Certain non-compliance's mentioned in the Auditors' Review Report are due to the fact that the Company is in the process of revamping its business process and certain compliance's remained unshered as at the year end.

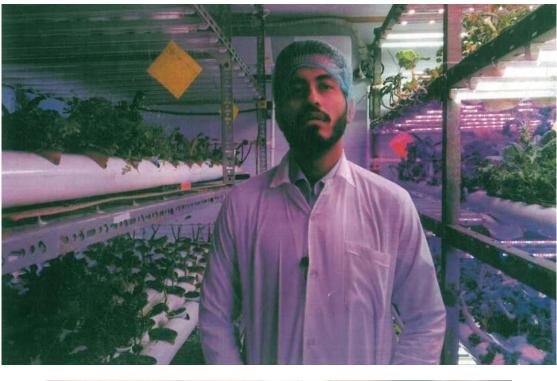


The Board held four meeting during the year. The attendance by each Director was as follows:

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE (GOVERNANCE)

In accordance with the requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance Regulation 2019 of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the Directors hereby confirm that:

- The financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 prepared by the management present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operation, cash flow and change in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.





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Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.

The Company is in the process of implementing internal control.

There has been no material departure from the best practice of Code of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.

The Directors, Chief Executive and their spouses and minor children did not carry out any transaction in the shares of the Company during the year.

Compliance of Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

Certain non-compliance mentioned in the Auditors' Review Report are due to the fact that the Company is in the process of revamping its business process and certain compliance remained unshered as at the year end.

The Board held four meeting during the year. The attendance by each Director was as follows:

Name of Director	No. of meeting attended
Mr. Sohail Ahmed	4
Mr. Asim Ahmed	4
Mr. Farhan Sohail	4
Ms. Saba Sohail	4
Ms. Sana Sohail	4
Mr. Mansoor Mubeen	4
Mr. Salim Razak Tabani	4
Mr. Tahir Abbas	3
Mr. Muhammad Zaheer Abbas	3

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Leave of absence was granted to director who could not attend some of the Board meeting.

# AUDITORS

The present Auditors M/S Muniff Ziauddin& Co., Chartered Accountants, retires and being eligible, offers themselves for re-appointment. Audit, Committee recommended for their re-appointment for the year ending June 30, 2025.

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

The meetings of Audit Committee were held during the year ended June 30, 2024 as required by Code of Corporate Governance for review of Quarterly/Half Yearly, Annual Account and the related matters. The meetings were also attended by the External Auditors as and when required. The composition of the Committee is as follows:

Mr. Mansoor Mubeen	Chairman
Ms. Sana Sohail	Member
Ms. Saba Sohail	Member

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors of your Company offer their sincere gratitude to the shareholders, institutions for their support and assistance.

SHARE HOLDINGS PATTERN The Pattern of Shareholding as on June 30, 2024 is annexed.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Farhan Sohail Director

Sohail Ahmed Chief Executive

Karachi October 07, 2024



اليس جي الائتيژ برنسزلم يشرژ

ڈائر کیٹر کی رپورٹ ایس جی الائیڈ بزنسز لمیٹڈ (SGABL) کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کو 30 جون 2024 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے آڈیٹر کی رپورٹ کے ساتھ کمپنی کی 56th سالانہ رپورٹ اور آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی بیانات پیش کرنے پرخوش ہے۔ آڈیٹرز نے متندر پورٹ جاری کردی ہے، ڈائر کیٹرز مندرجہ ذیل قابلیت پر تبصرہ کرنا چاہیں گے: ا) کمپنی ، کمپنی کے پاس موجود حیاتیاتی اثاثوں کے سلسلے میں 1AS 41 ، زراعت کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کی کوشش کررہی ہے۔

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<u>مالیاتی نتائ</u> زیرِنظرسال کے دوران آپ کی کمپنی کی کارکردگی او پر بیان کئے گئے موامل کی وجہ سے بحالی کے راستے پر رہی ہے، کمپنی نے روپے کی فروخت کی ہے، فروخت کے پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں سال کے لئے 27.198 ملین تھا، تاہم 30 جون 2024 کو جمع شدہ نقصان 202.287 ملین روپے رہا جو پچھلے سال کے 772.107 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں ہے، موجودہ میں کو کی ڈیویڈنڈ کا مقصد نہیں ہے۔ سال، دوبارہ شخیص کی سرگرمی انجام دی گئی جس کے نتیج میں اثاثوں کا دوبارہ جائزہ لیا گیا، لہٰذا، مالیاتی بیانات دوبارہ شخیص کے سرگرمی انجام دی گئی جس کے نتیج ایسے اخراجات کی ادائیگی تھی جو پیشہ دارانہ ادرلگن کی نوعیت کے ہوتے ہیں۔ 30 جون 2024 کو ختم ہونے دالے سال کے مالی نتائے دربی ذیل میں:



	2023	2024
سيلز	22,138,658	57,198,776
فروخت کی لاگت	22,365,706	41,559,115
مربعت کی تک تک مجموعی منافع	(227,048)	15,639,661
	85,302,056	115,507,235
ایڈمن اور سیلنگ اخراجات	77,065,700	83,049,302
ديگرآ مدنی	(20,980)	35,687
مالياتى حيارجز	0.724.420)	10 (07 050
شیس سے سملے نقصان	9,724,439)	18,607,059
ٹیکس کے بعدر نقصان	8,359,464	16,138,497
<u>فی شیئرآ مدنی</u>	(0.56)	(1.08)

مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز درج ذیل تھے۔ دْائرَ يَكْثِرزْكَانَام سيريل نمبر جناب سهيل احمه \_1 جناب عاصم احمر \_2 جنافرجان سهيل \_3 محتر مهصباسهيل \_4 جناب منصورميين -5 محتر مديناء تهيل -6 جناب سليم رزاق تاباني \_7 جناب طاہرعباس -8 جناب محدظهيرعياس -9

سمپنی ہائی ٹیک زرعی مصنوعات، کولڈ اسٹور نے اور کرایہ داری کی خدمات فراہم کرنے کے کاروبار میں ملوث تھی۔ سال کے دوران کمپنی کواس طرح کے کسی خطرے کا سامنانہیں کرنا پڑ استقبل کا آؤٹ لگ کمپنی اپنی کاروباری سرگر میوں کو بڑھارہی ہے۔ الحمد للذ کاروباری تمام موجودہ لائنیں بشمول کولڈ اسٹور نے اور عمودی فارم بہتر آمد نی دکھار ہے ہیں، کمپنی نئی ہائیڈ رو پو تک۔ سہولت کی تغمیر کے تک میں ہے جس کی پیدوار جنوری 2024 میں شروع ہو پی ہے اور اس سے کمپنی کے پورٹ فولیو میں نئی مصنوعات شامل ہوں گی، لہذا سہولت سے حاصل ہونے والی آمد نی اس طرح سال 25-2024 میں شروع ہو پی ہے اور اس سے کمپنی کے پورٹ فولیو میں نئی مصنوعات شامل چول گی، لہذا سہولت سے حاصل ہونے والی آمد نی اس طرح سال 25-2024 میں بتائی گئی ہے، اسی طرح، پاکستان میں الی بی الائیڈ چینز نے مناسب انداز میں میڈیا کور نئی فور متعارف کرایا گیا ہے، اس طبقے کو مار کیٹ میں کافی پڑیوا کی حاصل ہے، اس لئے پڑھ رہی کاسٹ کیا۔ مالی ان تمان کی نیا تصور متعارف کرایا گیا ہے، اس طبقہ کو مار کیٹ میں کافی پڑیوا کی حاصل ہے، اس لئے پڑھ ان کی لائیڈ کی جان انداز میں میڈیا کور کی فراہیں کر فری میں میں بی کور کور کو کرام ٹیل





آڈیٹرز موجودہ آڈیٹرز NM منف ضیاء الدین اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹس، ریٹائر ہور ہے ہیں اور اہل ہیں، خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کرتے ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمپنی نے 30 جون 2024 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے ان کی دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی۔ حساب کتاب کا گروہ یا لوگ آڈٹ کمپٹی کے اجلاس 30 جون 2024 کو ختم ہونے ولاے سال کے دور ان منعقد کئے گئے تصحیبا کہ کو ڈ آف کار پور یٹ گورنس کے مطابق سہ ماہی / ششاہی ، سالا ندا کا وُزٹ اور متعلقہ امور کا جائزہ لیا گیا تھا۔ اجلاسوں میں ضرورت پڑنے پر ہیرونی آڈیٹرز نے بھی شرکت کی مشور میں میں / ششاہی ، سالا ندا کا وُزٹ اور متعلقہ امور کا جائزہ لیا گیا تھا۔ اجلاسوں میں ضرورت پڑنے پر ہیرونی آڈیٹرز نے بھی شرکت کی مشور میں سفاری / ششاہی ، سالا ندا کا وُزٹ اور متعلقہ امور کا جائزہ لیا گیا تھا۔ اجلاسوں میں ضرورت پڑنے پر ہود نی آڈیٹرز نے بھی شرکت کی منصور میں چین ہے: محتر مدہ اسمبریل میں مہر مجتر مدہ اسمبریل معربر اعتر اف:

بورد آف دائر یکٹر

آمر فرحان سہیل ڈائریکٹر

مر الم معرف سهيل احمد سري سرا جەن بايكز. كىشە

كراچى 07 كتوبر 2024



# VISION STATEMENT

To be nationally & internationally recognized as trendsetter of poityester filament yarn. Producing and introducing new verities of highly value added Products to our customers both in Pakistan & abroad.

# **MISSION STATEMNET**

Our mission is to exceed the expectations of our customers in producing highest quality product. With determination of greater returns to shareholders and good opportunities to employees. To make the company a high flyer of all times.

# CORPORATE OBJECTIVES & DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

From the beginning we have been producing exceptionally high quality products.
Every time we introduced new varieties in the market which was followed by others later on.
Alhamdolillah we become the only exporter of polyester filament yarn from Pakistan.
We wish to strive continuously to achieve higher levels of excellence by employing most
Modern manufacturing technology Operational & Financial Management.
To extend our maximum contribution to our beloved Country in almost all possible
Fields specially to National exchequer.

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICE ON TRANSFER PRICING

The Company has fully complied with the best practice on Transfer Pricing as contained in the regulation No. 38 of the Karachi Stock Exchange (G) Limited.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

**Sohail Ahmed** (Chief Executive)



# Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

For the year ended June 30, 2023

This statement is being presented to comply with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019 (CCG / Regulations) for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

SG Allied Businesses Limited ("the company") has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 9 (Nine) as per the following:

a. Male	:7
b. Female	:2

# 2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

CATEGORY	NAMES
Independent Director	Mr. Mansoor Mubeen Mr. Saleem Razzak Tabani
Executive Director	Mr. Sohail Ahmed Mr. Farhan Sohail Mr. Asim Ahmed
Non-Executive Director	Ms. Saba Sohail Ms. Sana Sohail Mr. Muhammad Zaheer Abbas Mr. Tahir Abbas
Female Directors	Mr. Saba Sohail Ms. Sana Sohail

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- 4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. No Director's Training Program were held during the year.



- 10. The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer and company secretary, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below.

   a) Audit Committee

   Ms. Mansoor Mubeen
   Chairman

   Ms. Saba Sohail
   Member

   Ms. Sana Sohail
   Member

b) HR and Remuneration Committee Mr. Salim Razzak Tabani Chairman Ms. Sana Sohail Member Ms. Saba Sohail Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following: a)Audit Committee; 4 Quarterly Meetings b) HR and Remuneration Committee; 2 Half Yearly Meetings
- 15. The board is in the process of setting up an effective internal audit function, as the operations of the company are being revived;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

Reg.	Explanation
31	The board is in the process of setting up an effective internal audit function, as the operations of the company are being revived.
29(1)	The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.
30(1)	The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board
10A (1)(3)(4)	The Board is responsible for governance and oversight of sustainability risks and opportunities and takes appropriate measures to address it. Further, the Board ensures that the Company's sustainability and DE&I related strategies are periodically reviewed and monitored.
10A (5)	The Board may establish a dedicated sustainability committee or assign additional responsibilities to an existing Board committee.

Chief Executive





# **MUNIFF ZIAUDDIN & CO. Chartered Accountants**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MODIFIED REVIEW REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SG ALLIED BUSINESSES LIMITED

**Business Executive Centre** F/17/3, Block 8, Clifton Karachi – 75600 – Pakistan Tel: +92-21-35375127-8, +92-21-35872283 E-mail: info@mzco.com.pk Web: bkrpakistan.com

REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of SG Allied Businesses Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance with the regulations is that of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Director's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations were observed which are not appropriately stated in the Statement of Compliance

#### Note reference Description

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The executive directors are more than one third of the Board. Same person holds office of chief financial officer and the company secretary of the company as the company is not operating sufficiently yet and the company believes that there is no need of separate person for both positions.

Based on our review, except for the above instances of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Further, we highlight below instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations as reflected in the note/paragraph reference where these are stated in the Statement of Compliance.

Reg.	Explanation
31	The board is in the process of setting up an effective internal audit function, as the operations of the company are being revived.
29(1)	The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.
30(1)	The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board
10A (1)(3)(4)	The Board is responsible for governance and oversight of sustainability risks and opportunities and takes appropriate measures to address it. Further, the Board ensures that the Company's sustainability and DE&I related strategies are periodically reviewed and monitored.
10A (5)	The Board may establish a dedicated sustainability committee or assign additional responsibilities to an existing Board committee.

Chartered Accountants Karachi

Date: October 07, 2024

UDIN: CR2024101534WrnXd5Ys



**Other Offices:** Islamabad & Lahore





# MUNIFF ZIAUDDIN & CO. Chartered Accountants

# Independent Auditors' Report to the members of SG ALLIED BUSINESSES LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of SG ALLIED BUSINESSES LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that except for the matters as stated in the basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2024 and of the loss and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

The Company has not complied with the requirements of IAS 41 – Agriculture in relation to the biological assets held by the Company.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

### Material Uncertainty relating to Going Concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1.2 in the financial statements, which indicates that during the year, the Company incurred loss after tax Rs. 16.138 million (2023: 8.359 million) and the accumulated loss of the Company has reached to Rs. 782.202 million as at June 30, 2024 (2023: 772.107 million). Moreover, the reported current liabilities have exceeded from current assets of the Company by Rs. 214.913 million (2023: 207.741). These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.



Other Offices: Islamabad & Lahore

Business Executive Centre F/17/3, Block 8,Clifton

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Web: bkrpakistan.com



# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described on the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matters	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matters
1.Contingencies	
The Company is subject to material litigations involving different courts pertaining to taxation and other matters, which requires management to make assessment and judgements with respect to likelihood and impact of such litigations. Management have engaged independent legal counsel on these matters.	In response to this matter, our audit procedures included: Discussing legal cases with the legal department to understand the management's view point and obtaining and reviewing the litigation documents in order to assess the facts and circumstances.
The accounting for, and disclosure of, contingencies is complex and is a matter of most significance in our audit because of the judgements required to determine the level of certainty on these matters.	Obtaining independent opinion of legal advisors dealing with such cases in the form confirmations. We also evaluated the legal cases in line with the requirements of IAS 37: Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets.
The details of contingencies along with management's assessment and the related provisions are disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements.	The disclosures of legal exposures and provisions were assessed for completeness and accuracy.

# Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include in the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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# Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal controls as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud and error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and
  related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
  on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
  cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
  uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the
  financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based
  on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may
  cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) except for the matter as disclosed in Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Muhammad Moin Khan.

1-Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Date: 07 October, 2024

UDIN: AR202410153sAp6MqQYE



# SG ALLIED BUSINESSES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2024

	NOTE	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	5	1,413,770,629	1,420,026,981
Investment property	6	61,893,646	65,151,206
Long term deposits	7	95,714	95,714
		1,475,759,989	1,485,273,901
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventory	8	1,554,082	3,917,182
Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables	9	41,206,869	22,068,844
Cash and bank balances	10	19,513	8,489,329 37,139,301
		42,780,464	
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES	—	1,518,540,452	1,522,413,202
Authorized share capital 15,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	_	150,000,000	150,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	11	150,000,000	150,000,000
Share premium		337,400,000	337,400,000
		487,400,000	487,400,000
Capital Reserves			
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	12	1,231,111,655	1,236,418,859
Revenue Reserves		(	(772 107 516
Accumulated loss		(782,202,292)	(772,107,516
		936,309,363	951,711,342
Loan from directors	13	261,574,406	261,574,406
		1,197,883,770	1,213,285,748
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred liabilities	14	62,962,987	64,246,534
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	16	114,387,035	110,770,965
Interest on short term and long term loan	17	20,617,394	20,617,394
Loan from associated undertaking	18	71,422,097	71,422,097
Loan from directors	15	49,514,068	40,830,410
Provision for taxation	L	1,753,101	1,240,054
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	19	257,693,696	244,880,920
	-	1,518,540,452	1,522,413,202
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial $\Lambda$	statements.	(	Inpas um
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Chief Executive	Director		Chief Financial Office



# SG ALLIED BUSINESSES LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	NOTE	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
Sales	20	57,198,776	22,138,658
Cost of sales	21	(41,559,115)	(22,365,706)
Gross profit		15,639,661	(227,048)
Administrative and selling expenses	22	(115,507,235)	(85,302,056)
Operating loss		(99,867,573)	(85,529,104)
Other income	23	83,049,302	77,065,700
		(16,818,271)	(8,463,404)
Financial charges	24	(35,687)	(20,980)
Loss before levy and income tax		(16,853,958)	(8,484,384)
Levy	25	(1,753,101)	(1,240,054)
Loss before income tax		(18,607,059)	(9,724,439)
Income tax expense	26	2,468,562	1,364,975
Loss after levy and income tax	-	(16,138,497)	(8,359,464)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified in profit or (net of tax)	r loss		
Remeasurement of staff retirement benefits-net of tax Remeasurement of Revaluation surplus-net of tax		736,518	1,180,652 277,507,712
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(15,401,979)	270,328,900
Loss per share - basic and diluted	27	(1.08)	(0.56)

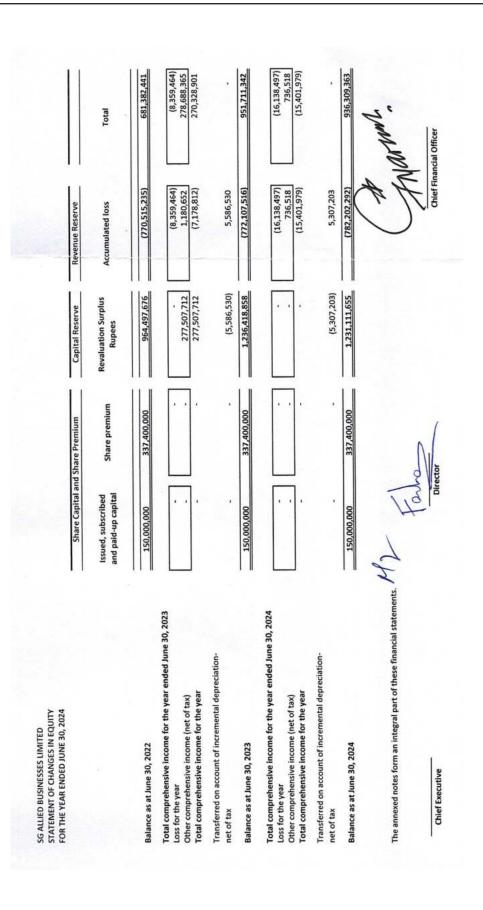
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Chief Executive** 

Director

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**Chief Financial Officer** 







# IED BUSINESSES LIMITED WENT OF CASH FLOWS IE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TE TEAR ENDED JOINE 30, 2024	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
LOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
before levy and income tax	(16,853,958)	(8,484,384)
stment for:		
-Depreciation	10,851,682	10,809,478
Impairment of assets	-	-
-Gratuity expense	3,484,684	2,600,773
-Finance charges	35,687	20,980
	14,372,053	13,431,231
LOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES - BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL	(2,481,905)	4,946,847
3ES .		
rease) / decrease in current assets		
Inventory	2,363,100	(2,691,877)
Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables	(14,983,939)	(14,283,636)
	(15,102,744)	(12,028,666)
ease / (decrease) in current liabilities		
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	3,616,071	(15,008,772)
nce charges paid	(35,687)	(20,980)
paid	(4,293,345)	(5,406,941)
id deferrred liability of KE		
cash used in operating activities	(15,815,705)	(32,465,360)
FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
ition in property, plant and equipment	(108,470)	-
ition in capital work in progress	(1,229,300)	(3,467,007)
cash used in investing activities	(1,337,770)	(3,467,007)
FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
ns received from directors	25,042,480	41,921,891
ns repaid to directors	(16,358,822)	(10,591,481)
cash generated from financing activities	8,683,658	31,330,410
crease in cash and cash equivalent	(8,469,817)	(4,601,957)
ind cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	8,489,329	13,091,286
ind cash equivalent at the end of the year	19,513	8,489,329
inexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.		# 14
Farle Farle		Amar ma
Executive Director		Chief Financial Officer



# SG ALLIED BUSINESSES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2024

# 1. LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

1.1 S.G Allied Businesses Limited (the company) is a public limited company incorporated in the year 1957 under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (repealed with the enactment of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and thereafter, with the enactment of the the Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the company are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The principal activities of the company are warehouse, cold Storage and vertical Farming.

Geographical location and addresses of major business units including mills/plants of the Company are as under:

 Karachi
 Purpose

 B-40, S.I.T.E., Karachi.
 The registered office and rental purpose for cold storage and vertical farming.

1.2 During the year, the Company incurred loss after tax Rs. 16.138 million (2023: 8.359 million) and the accumulated loss has reached to Rs. 782.202 million as at June 30, 2024 (2023: 772.107 million). Moreover, the reported current liabilities have exceeded to current assets of the Company by Rs. 214.913 million (2023: 207.741 million). These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of businesses. The company has diversified its line of businesses from the production of polyester filament yarn to other line of businesses, as the filament yarn industry is still in crises. Further, the management of the Company has taken initiatives for the revival of the Company and developed new diversified businesses strategy, henceforth, the Company has extended its business activities after getting itself restyled as SG Allied Businesses Limited on 24th August, 2017. Primarily, the Company started the activities of cold storage facility and dealing in various agriculture produces. Moreover, the Directors will provide the finance to the Company as and when needed.

### 2 Basis of Preparation

### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain items as disclosed in the relevant accounting policies below.

### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees (Rs/Rupees), which is the functional currency of the Company. Amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest of Rs./Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

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# 2.4 Key judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in confirmation with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. In addition it require management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The area involving a high degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are documented in the following accounting policies and notes and related primarily to;

- Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of Property, plant and equipment (refer note 4.1 & 5)
- Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of investment property (refer note 4.2 & 6)
- Impairment loss of non financial assets otherthan stock in trade (refer note 4.6)
- Fair value of investment property( refer note 4.2 & 6)
- Fair value of biological assets( refer note 4.4)
- Provision for expected credit loss (refer note 4.8)
- Obligation of defined benefit obligation( refer note 4.13 & 14.1)
- Estimation of provisions (refer note 4.19)
- Estimation of contingent liabilities (refer note 4.17 and 20)
- Current income tax expense, provision for current tax recognition of deferred tax (refer note 4.12 & 26)

# 3 NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

# 3.1 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective in the current year

There are certain amendments and interpretations to the accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period which began on July 1, 2023. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Except that during the year certain amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements have become applicable to the Company which require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. These amendments have been incorporated in these financial statements with the primary impact that the material accounting policy information has been disclosed rather than the significant accounting policies.

# 3.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There is a standard and certain other amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2024. However, these are considered either not to be relevant or to have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and operations and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, except the following,

# 4.1 Property and equipment

a) Items of property and equipment, other than freehold land, buildings on freehold land and capital work-in-progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount whereas buildings on freehold land, are stated at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Borrowing costs are also capitalized for the period up to the date of commencement of commercial production of the respective plant & machinery, acquired out of the proceeds of such borrowings.



Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of land, buildings is recognised in other comprehensive income and presented as a separate component of equity as "Revaluation surplus on property and equipment", except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. Any decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of land, buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the revaluation surplus on property and equipment relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. The revaluation reserve is not available for distribution to the Company's shareholders. The surplus on revaluation of land and buildings to the extent of incremental depreciation charged (net of deferred tax) is transferred to unappropriate profit.

- b) Depreciation is charged to income applying diminishing balance method at the rates specified in note 6.
- c) Depreciation is charged on assets from the month of purchase or from the month of commercial production for additions in respect of additions made during the year while proportionate depreciation is charged on assets disposed off during the year till the month of disposal.
- d) Major renewals and replacement are capitalized.
- e) An item of property and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of property plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carring amount of the assets and as recognised on as other income in the statement of profit or loss. In the case of dereognition of a revalued property, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining on the surplus on revaluation is transfered directly to the unappropriated profit.

#### Judgements and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimateis accounted for on a propective basis.

#### Impairment

An asset's carring amount is writtendown immediately to its recoverable amount if the assets carring amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

#### **Capital work-in-progress**

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment loss (if any).

#### 4.2 Investment property

Investment property which is property held to earn rentals is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment loss.

#### Judgement and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis. Further, determining adjustments for any differences in nature, location and condition of the investment property involves significant judgement.

# 4.3 Biological assets

Biological assets are measured at fair value less cost to sell. Fair value is determined by an independent valuer on the basis of best available estimate for bilogical assets of similar attributes. Gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value less cost to sell of biological asstes are recognised on the statement of profit or loss.

Biological assets are measured at fair value less cost to sell. Fair value is determined by an independent valuer on the basis of best available estimate for bilogical assets of similar attributes. Gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value less cost to sell of biological asstes are recognised on the statement of profit or loss.

#### 4.4 Trade and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables represents the company's right to an amount of consideration (i.e, only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due)



#### 4.5 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents on the statement of financial position comprises cash at banks and on hand. For cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposit held with banks.

# 4.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non financial assets (other than investment property, biological assets, stock in trade and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. The increase in the carrying amounts shall be treated as reversals of impairment losses for individual assets and recognized in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at revalued amount. Any reversal of impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 4.7 Financial instruments

### 4.7.1 Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

### 4.7.1.1 Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on de-recognition are recognised directly in profit or loss.

#### 4.7.1.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# 4.7.1.3 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are those financial assets which are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Financial assets are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently premeasured to fair value, amortized cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

Equity instrument financial assets / mutual funds are measured at fair value at and subsequent to initial recognition. Changes in fair value of these financial assets are normally recognised in profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established. Where an election is made to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the de-recognition of the investment.

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Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Assets or liabilities that are not contractual in nature and that are created as a result of statutory requirements imposed by the Government are not the financial instruments of the Company.

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade debtors, the Company applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company recognises in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date.

### 4.7.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value minus transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 4.8 Off setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## 4.9 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

# 4.10 Compensated absences

The company accounts for these benefits in the period in which the absences are earned.

### 4.11 Share capital

Share capital is classified as equity and recognized at the face value. Incremental costs net of tax and directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown as a deduction in equity

# 4.12 Income tax and levy

#### Current

The current income tax is charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

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# Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses and credits only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and unused tax losses and credits.

### Levy

Tax charged under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 which is not based on taxable income or any amount paid / payable in excess of the calculation based on taxable income or any minimum tax which is not adjustable against future income tax liability is classified as levy in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as these levies fall under the scope of IFRIC 12/IAS 37.

# Judgements and estimate

Significant judgment is required on determining the income tax expenses and provision for tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ulitmate tax determination is uncertain as these matters are being contested at various forums. The Company recognizes liablities are the anticipated tax issues based on estimates on whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amount that are initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Futher, the carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to reflect the current assessment of future taxable profit. If required, carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit to allow the benefit of part of all that recognized deffered tax assets to be utilizied. Any such reduction shall be reveresed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

### Off-setting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 13 Staff retirement benefits

# Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering all eligible employees. A defined benefit plan is a plan that is not a defined contribution plan. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligations are calculated annually by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligations are determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows. These are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid. Remeasurement gain/losses are recognised in other comprehensive income

#### Judgements and estimates

In determining the liability for long-service payments management must make an estimate of salary increases over the following years, discounts rate to use in the present value calculation and the number of employees expected to leave before they receive the benefits

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#### 4.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised at the point in time when performance obligation is satisfied i.e. control of the goods is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled to on exchange of those goods.

a) Sale of agricultural products is recognized when controls of goods are transfered to the customer and invoice is generated.

b) Service income on cold storage and ware house is recognized on accrual basis.

c) Other income comprises of rental income and the same is recognized on accrual basis.

#### 4.15 Foreign exchange translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistani Rupees at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies, except for those covered under forward foreign exchange contracts, if any, are retranslated into Pak Rupees at the foreign exchange rates approximately those prevailing at the reporting date. Forward foreign exchange contracts, if any, are translated at contracted rates exchange differences, if any, are charged on statement of profit or loss.

### 4.16 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense on the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing cost, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset.

# 4.17 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- 4.17.1 There is possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly with in the control of the Company.
- 4.17.2 There is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

### 4.18 Dividend distrbution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as liability on the period in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders.

#### 4.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amount of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amoiunt of previously recognized provision is recognized in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognized as part of the cost of as asset.

#### 4.20 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relates to transactions with any of the company's other components. The company has only four reportable segments

#### 4.21 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based at arms's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as applicable to third party transactions.

#### 4.22 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.



# 5.18 Reclassification

During the year the Institute of Chartered Accountant of Pakistan (ICAP) have withdrawn the Technical Release 27 "IAS 12, Income Taxes (Revised 2012)" and issued guidance - "IAS 12 Application Guidance on Accounting for Minimum Taxes and Final Taxes". The said guidance requires certain amounts of tax paid under minimum tax (which is not adjustable against future income tax liability) and final tax regime to be shown separately as a levy instead of showing it in current tax.

Accordingly, the impact has been incorporated in these financial statements retrospectively in accordance with the requirement of International Accounting Standard (IAS 8) — 'Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors'. There has been no effect on the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and earning per share as a result of this change.

	2024			2023		
	Had there been no change in accounting policy	Impact of change in accounting policy	After incorporating effects of change in accounting policy	Had there been no change in accounting policy	Impact of change in accounting policy	After incorporating effects of change in accounting policy
			(Rupees)			
Effect on statement of profit or loss	i					
Loss before income tax	(16,853,958)	715,461	(16,138,497)	(8,484,384)	124,920	(8,359,464)
Levies - Minimum tax		(1,753,101)	(1,753,101)		(1,240,054)	(1,240,054)
Current tax expense	(2,468,562)	2,468,562		(1,364,975)	1,364,975	(0)

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Operating fixed assets	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMEN

Office equipment Motor vehicles Furniture and factures Trollies and fork lifters K-Electric Sub Station OTIS lifts <b>Total owned assets</b> <b>5.2 Particulars of immova</b> a) Lease hold b) Building	Office equip Motor vehick Furniture and Trollies and fi K-Electric Sul OTIS lifts <b>Total owned</b>	Office equipr Motor vehich Furniture and Trollies and f K-Electric Sul OTIS lifts	Office equipr Mator vehick Furniture and Trollies and f K-Electric Sul	Office equipn Motor vehick Furniture and Trollies and f	Office equipn Motor vehick Furniture and	Office equipr Motor vehicl	Office equipr		Factory equipment	Plant and machinery	Vertical farm	Cold storage	Building on leasehold land	Leasehold land	Owned assets:		Pa		5.1 Statement of	5 PROPERTY AND EQUIPM Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	
During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Compo Forced sale value of revalued land and building	immovable prope	assets		Station	ork lifters	fixtures	5	vent	ment	chinery			asehold land	۵.	n		Particulars		Statement of operating fixed assets-2024	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	
nd and building	rty (i.e. land and build Location B-40, SITE, Karachi B-40, SITE, Karachi	1,524,444,990	1,266,982	2,717,357	4,242,562	3,126,566	13,035,155	19,773,852	10,270,720	715,112	5,714,637	21,431,852	273,190,195	1,168,960,000		As on July 01, 2023			ets-2024		
	Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Company are as follows: Location Usage of Immovable Property Total An (Square a) Lease hold B-40, SITE, Karachi Owned Purpose 4.669 a b) Building B-40, SITE, Karachi Rental & Owned Purpose 4.669 a	106,762,400	60,000	15,470	×				33,000		102,553,850	4,100,080		•		(disposal)	Addition / Transfer/				
	e Company are as Property pose												,			property	Transferred to .	Cost			
Total	follows: Total Area (Square feets) 4.669 acres 4.669 acres					•								•		Surplus / (Deficit)	Revaluation				
During the year ended Julie 30, 2027, fue Curinary Vanderica a porton or bounding Contra maximum, property accessed sale Value Forced sale Value Forced sale Value Rupeds Asset class Lease hold land Lease ho		1,631,207,390	1,326,982	2,732,827	4,242,562	3,126,566	13,035,155	19,773,852	10,303,720	715,112	108,268,487	25,531,932	273,190,195	1,168,960,000		As at June 30, 2024					
			10%	10%	10%	10%	20%	10%	10%	5%	5%	5%	5%	,			Rate %	1			
		209,842,641	1,150,437	270,082	4,054,809	2,859,514	12,952,267	17,870,416	9,347,874	542,081	1,060,029	3,923,536	155,811,596			As on July 01, 2023					
		7,594,122	17,156	246,276	18,775	26,705	16,578	190,344	92,560	8,652	232,750	875,416	5,868,920			(adjustment for disposal)	For the year /	De		5.1 5.7	NOTE
			•		X	••	•			•••	•	•				investment property	Transferred to	Depreciation		1	
		217,436,763	1,167,593	516,358	4,073,584	2,886,219	12,968,845	18,060,760	9,440,434	550,733	1,292,759	4,798,952	161,680,526			As at June 30, 2024			confort feature	1,413,770,629	2024
		1,413,770,629	159,389	2,216,469	168,978	240,347	66,310	1,713,092	863,286	164,379	106,975,728	20,732,980	111,509,669	1,168,960,000		As at June 30, 2024		Written-down value	and and four fe		2023



	CWIP - Cold storage CWIP - Vertical farm+Mushroom		Capital work in progress	Administrative and selling expenses	Cost of sales
105,763,713	4,069,080 101,694,633	Balance as on July 01, 2022			
(830,083)		Capital expenditure Incurred during the year, 2023			
14.		Transferred to operating Fixed assets, 2023			
105,424,630		Balance as on June 30,2023			
1,229,300	Kupees 4,069,080 101,355,550 1,198,300	Capital expenditure Incurred during the year, 2024			
) (106,653,930)	) (4,100,080) (102,553,850)	Transferred to operating Fixed assets, 2024		7.594.122	1,139,118
		Balance as on June 30,2024		7.011.974	7.011.974

5.7



			Cost					D	Depreciation		Written-down value
Particulars	As on July 01, 2022	Addition / Transfer/ (disposal)	Transferred to investment property	Revaluation Surplus / (Deficit)	As at June 30, 2023	Rate %	As on July 01, 2022	For the year / (adjustment for disposal)	Transferred to investment property	As at June 30, 2023	As at June 30, 2023
				-					Rupees		Rupees
			Rupees								
Owned assets:		R		769 760 000	1.168.960.000	,		*			1,168,960,000
Leasenoid land	000,000,000	1 1		10 01 2 271	201 001 526	5%	150.208,105	5,603,491		155,811,596	117,378,599
Building on leasehold land	202,211,324		,	a subscription			201 710 2	DAG 763		3 973 536	17,508,316
Cold storage	21,151,852	000,087			and we have					1 060 039	4.654.608
Vertical farm	5,714,637				5,714,637	5%	815,050	244,979		670'n00'T	and tends.
Plant and machinery	715,112				715,112	5%	532,974	9,107		542,081	173,031
Eartory equinment	10.270.720				10,270,720	10%	9,245,335	102,539		9,347,874	922,846
Office equipment	19 393,604	380,248			19,773,852	10%	17,701,174	169,242		17,870,416	1,903,436
Motor unbiclar	13 035 155	•			13,035,155	20%	12,931,545	20,722	•	12,952,267	82,888
Furniture and fixtures	3,107,164	19,402			3,126,566	10%	2,831,996	27,518		2,859,514	267,052
Frailies and fork lifters	4.242.562			•	4,242,562	10%	4,033,947	20,862	•	4,054,809	187,753
relation Sub Station		2.717.357			2,717,357	10%		270,082		270,082	2,447,275
OTIS lifts	1,196,982	70,000			1,266,982	10%	1,145,265	5,172	-	1,150,437	116,545
	1 1 200 010 1	700 734 5		360.757.995	1,524,444,990		202,462,174	7,380,467	1	209,842,641	1,314,602,351

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		NOTE	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
6	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
	Cost		194,310,081	194,310,081
	Less: Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(129,158,875)	(125,729,864)
	Carrying amount as at 1 July		65,151,206	68,580,217
	Additions through new purchases		(2 257 560)	(2.420.011)
	Depreciation charge for the year		(3,257,560)	(3,429,011)
	Transfer (to)/from property, plant and equipment		61,893,646	65,151,206
	Carrying amount as at 30 June		199.0	225.00
	Rate of depreciation (%)			5%
.1	Reconciliation of carrying amount			
	COST		101 310 001	104 210 081
	As on 1 July		194,310,081	194,310,081
	Reclassification from property, plant and equipment		194,310,081	194,310,081
	As at 30 June			
	DEPRECIATION			
	As on 1 July		129,158,875	125,729,864
	Reclassification from property, plant and equipment			
	For the year		3,257,560	3,429,011
	As at 30 June		132,416,435	129,158,875
	Written down value as at June 30		61,893,646	65,151,206
	Rate of depreciation		5%	5%
5.2	This represents building owned by the company. The fair value of th investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million.	e investment property is	Rs. 215.630 million. Forced s	ale value of the
		e investment property is	Rs. 215.630 million. Forced s	ale value of the 95,714
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits	e investment property is l		
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY	e investment property is l	95,714	
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel	e investment property is l	<u> </u>	95,714
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm	e investment property is l	<u>95,714</u> 91,178 1,185,298	95,714 - 3,216,899
5.2 7 8	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel	e investment property is l	<u> </u>	95,714 3,216,899 700,283
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606	95,714 - 3,216,899 700,283
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606	95,714 3,216,899 700,283
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,028 299,945
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff Advance income tax	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,700 10,810,028 299,94 2,364,000
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,022 299,945 2,364,003 4,124,633
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-vertical Farm Income tax refundable	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,028 2,364,003 4,124,633 10,497,524
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-ware house Account receivables-ware house Account receivables-ware house Account receivables-vertical Farm	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094)	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,709 10,810,021 299,949 2,364,000 4,124,633 10,497,52 (9,903,09
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-vold storage Account receivables-vertical Farm Income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,709 10,810,028 299,949 2,364,000 4,124,633 10,497,529 (9,903,094
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Loans and advances Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-vertical Farm Income tax refundable	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,022 299,945 2,364,003 4,124,633 10,497,522 (9,903,094 18,673,743
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS and advances Advance to Staff Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-vare house Account receivables-Vertical Farm Income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,028 299,94 2,364,003 4,124,63 10,497,524 (9,903,09) 18,673,74 150,000
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS and advances Advance to Staff Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-vare house Account receivables-vare house Account receivables-Vertical Farm Income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Letter of guarantee Sales tax claims receivable	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,700 10,810,028 299,949 2,364,000 4,124,633 10,497,522 (9,903,094 18,673,74: 150,000 23,191,900
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS and advances Advance to Staff Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-vare house Account receivables-Vertical Farm Income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable	e investment property is l	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,709 10,810,022 299,949 2,364,000 4,124,633 10,497,522 (9,903,094 18,673,743 150,000 23,191,900 (21,070,500
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Advance to Staff Advance to Staff Advance income tax Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-cold storage Account receivables-Vertical Farm Income tax refundable Less: provision against income tax refundable Letter of guarantee Sales tax claims receivable		95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152 150,000 9,275,248 9,425,248	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,028 299,945 2,364,007 4,124,633 10,497,524 (9,903,094 18,673,741 150,000 23,191,909 (21,070,500 2,271,403
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS and advances Advance to Staff Advance to St	9.1 & 9.2	95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152 150,000 9,275,248 - - 9,425,248 11,453,241	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,028 299,945 2,364,001 4,124,632 10,497,524 (9,903,094 18,673,741 150,000 23,191,905 (21,070,506 2,271,402 9,623,472
7	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LESS: provision against income tax refundable Less: Provision against sales tax claims receivable Less: Provision for irrecoverable rent		95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152 150,000 9,275,248 9,425,248	95,714 3,216,899 700,283 3,917,182 480,705 10,810,028 299,945 2,364,001 4,124,632 10,497,524 (9,903,094 18,673,741 150,000 23,191,905 (21,070,500 2,271,403 9,623,477 (8,496,312 (8,496,312)
8	investment property assessed at Rs. 172.504 million. LONG TERM DEPOSITS Security deposits INVENTORY Diesel Vertical farm Packing material LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS, ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES LOANS and advances Advance to Staff Advance to St		95,714 91,178 1,185,298 277,606 1,554,082 529,505 14,964,115 2,110,414 4,935,448 4,211,011 11,980,753 (9,903,094) 28,828,152 150,000 9,275,248 9,425,248 11,453,241 (8,496,312)	95,714 - 3,216,899

9.1 This includes receivables from S.G. Power Limited on account of rent and utilities amounting to Rs 11.331 million. However as disclosed in note 16,17 and 18 a sum of Rs.156.613 million is payable to S.G Power Limited.

9.2 Ageing analysis of receivables from S.G Power Limited (associated company)

Past due less than one year Past due over one year

899,787 8,550,000 8,550,000

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10	CACILAND DANIES		NOTE		2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
10	CASH AND BANK BALANCES					NOFEES
	Cash on hand				11,355	16,129
	Cash with banks - current account				8,158	8,473,200
					19,513	8,489,329
11	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITA	L				011021020
	5,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ful					
	5,415,610 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each as	fully paid the			52,000,000	52,000,000
	2,384,390 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each as	fully paid bonus shares			54,156,100	54,156,100
	2 000 000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each as	fully paid right shares			23,843,900	23,843,900
	2,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ful	ly paid in cash (foreign pl	acement)		20,000,000	20,000,000
11	1 Shares held by the related partie				150,000,000	150,000,000
11	.1 Shares held by the related partie	s of the Company				
	Name of the shareholders	2024	2024	2023	2023	
	Nume of the shareholders	Number of shares	Percentage	Number of	Percentage	
	Directory one and	snares	holding	shares	holding	
	Directors, CEO, & their spouse					
	Mr. Sohail Ahmed	5,228,300	34.86%	5,228,300	0.00%	
	Asim Ahmed Ghazala	500	0.00%	500	0.00%	
	Saba Sohail	1,306,850	8.71%	1,306,850	0.00%	
	Sana Sohail	500	0.00%	500	0.00%	
	Bina Sohail	500	0.00%	500	0.00%	
	Farhan Sohail	500	0.00%	500	0.00%	
	Zubalda	2,614,200	17.43%	500	0.00%	
	Aliya	1,304,450	8.70%	2614200 1304450	0.00%	
12	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSET				2024	2023
	Revaluation surplus on property plant and eq	uipment	12.1		231,111,655	1 226 446 655
12.1	Revaluation surplus on property plant and e				231,111,035	1,236,418,859
	Balance at the beginning of the year	1-		1 3	00 479 265	
	Surplus arisen on revoluction on load and it	2012/94 - 32 - 2020		1,4	290,478,265	1,017,674,346
	Surplus arisen on revaluation on land carried					269,760,000
	Surplus arisen on revaluation on building carr	ied out during the year				10,912,271
	Less: Transferred to unappropriated profit on			1.2	90.478.265	1.298.346.617
	<ul> <li>incremental depreciation for the year</li> </ul>	account of:				1.2 30.140.1117
	f to the year				(7,474,934)	(7,868,352)
	Related deferred tax of:			1,2	83,003,331	1,290,478,265
	-balance at beginning of the year				F4 050 400	
	-surplus arising during the year				54,059,408	53,176,671
	-incremental depreciation for the year				-	3,164,559
					(2,167,731)	(2,281,822)
	Balance at end of the year				51,891,677	54,059,408
12.2	Durland C. I.I.			1,2	31,111,655	1,236,418,858

12.2 During the financial year ended June 30, 2023 the Company revalued its leasehold land and buildings on leasehold land to replace the carrying amounts of these assets with their market values / depreciated market values. The revaluation was carried-out on June 30, 2023 by an independent qualified valuers namely M/s. Sipra & Company (Pvt) Ltd. The appraisal surplus arisen on these revaluations aggregates to Rs. 233.210 millions.

Previously, the revaluation of its leasehold land and buildings on leasehold land was carried out on June 30, 2020 by the valuers namely M/s. Amir Evaluators & Consultants. The appraisal surplus arisen on these revaluations aggregates to Rs. 587.156 million.

12.3 The surplus on revaluation of fixed assets is not available for distribution to the shareholders in accordance with section 241 of the Companies Act, 2017.

12.4 Had there been no revaluation the related figures of leasehold land and buildings would have been as follows:

		2024			2023	
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value
Leasehold land Building on	64,893,485		64,893,485	64,893,485	-	64,893,485
leasehold land	88,657,361	84,071,881	4,585,480	88,657,361	83,562,383	5,094,978
	153,550,846	84,071,881	69,478,965	153,550,846	83,562,383	69.988.463



		NOTE	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
13	LOAN FROM DIRECTORS		261,574,406	261,574,406
13.1	This represents interest free loan from sponsoring directors and the sam	ne is repayable at the	e discretion of the company.	
14	DEFERRED LIABILITIES			
	Staff retirement benefit-gratuity Deferred taxation	14.1 14.2	11,071,310 51,891,677	8,623,975 54,059,408
			62,962,987	62,683,383
14.1	Staff retirement benefit-gratuity			
4.1.1	Changes in present value of defined benefit obligation			
	Present value at the beginning of the year		8,623,975	7,686,092
	Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation		2,126,408 1,358,276	1,563,151 1,037,622
	Benefits paid		1,556,270	1,037,022
	Remeasurements:			
	Acturial (gain)/losses from changes in demographic assumptions			-
	Acturial (gain)/losses from changes in financial assumptions		-	-
	Experience adjustments		(1,037,349)	(1,662,890)
	Present value at the end of the year		11,071,310	8,623,975
14.1.2	The following amounts have been charged to			
	statement of profit or loss during the year			
	Current service cost		2,126,408	1,563,151
	Past Service Cost		1 259 276	1,037,622
	Interest cost on defined benefit obligation		1,358,276 3,484,684	2,600,773
14.1.3	Charge for the year has been allocated as under:			
	Administrative expenses		3,484,684	2,600,773
14.1.4	Total remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive Income			
	Actuarial gain from changes in financial assumptions		(1,037,349)	(1,662,890)
14.1.5	Principal actuarial assumptions			
	Contribution to the staff retirement benefit gratuity for the year 2025:		4,536,761	2,460,609
	The latest actuarial valuation for gratuity fund was carried out as at Jun following significant assumptions used for the actuarial valuation:	e 30, 2024 using the	Projected Unit Credit Metho	d (PUCM). The

	June 30,2024	June 30,2023
Discount rate	14.00%	15.75%
Expected rate of increase in salary	14.00%	15.75%
Average retirement age of an employee	60	60
Mortality rates	SLIC 2001-2005 Set back 1 year	SLIC 2001-2005 Set back 1 year
	10.	

17



#### 14.1.6 Sensitivity analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate and expected rate of salary increase. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant:

	Impact on defined benefit obligation	ion	
	Changes in assumption %	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
		'< Rupee	s>
Discount rate	plus (+) 100 bps minus (-) 100 bps	9,740,009	12,695,145
Salary increase	plus (+) 100 bps minus (-) 100 bps	12,780,331	9,654,453

14.1.7 The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the staff retirement gratuity recognised within the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous method.

	Historical Information	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	8,623,975	7,686,092	6,789,420	5,363,785	5,363,785
	Experience adjustment on obligation	-			•	
14.1.8	Maturity profile					
	Years					Rupees
	Year 1					1,263,956
	Year 2					133,980
	Year 3					159,273
	Year 4					180,278
	Year 5					194,335
	Year 5 & onwards					7,447,713
	Weighted average durati	ion				7 years
					2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
14.2	Deferred Taxation Deferred tax liability attribu	table to Revaluation	n Surplus	_	51,891,677	54,059,408
	Deferred tax liability arisin temporary differences due					
	Accelerated tax depreciatio	n			51,539,740	(18,773,838)
	Deferred tax assets arising Provision for gratuity Unused tax losses Deffered tax assets-net			-	(3,210,680) (58,278,589) 41,942,147	(1,877,325) (76,391,982) (42,983,737)

14.2.1 Deferred tax asset has not been recognized as management is of the view that future earnings to the extent of such asset may not be available.

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		NOTE	2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
15	LOAN FROM DIRECTORS - CURRENT		49,514,068	40,830,410
15.1	It is interest free loan from director which is repayble on demand			
16	CREDITORS, ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Trade creditors		1,339,066	1,244,066
	Earnest money		189,006	189,006
	Security deposit payable		23,166,029	21,758,618
	Electricity bill payable	16.1	6,551,126	3,637,402
	Provision for sale tax liability	16.2	1,857,546	908,906
	Others	16.3	6,746,905	8,495,609
			39,849,677	36,233,607
	Due to associated undertaking	16.4	74,537,358	74,537,358
			114,387,035	110,770,965
6.1	These relates to payable of the associated undertaking S.G. Power Lim	ited.		Sector Se

16.2 This represent provision for sale tax liability on income from cold storage.

16.3 This represents advance received from scrap buyers.

16.4 These are unsecured and the late payment surcharge has been waived by the associated undertaking S.G. Power Limited.

17	INTEREST ON SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM LOAN			
	Financial charges on loan from directors	17.1	9,963,151	9,963,151
	Accrued interest on long term loan payable to S.G.Power Limited		10,654,243	10,654,243
			20,617,394	20,617,394

17.1 During the year ended 30 June 2019, the Board of Directors had decided in their meeting to charge the interest on outstanding balance of loan from directors from the beginning of the financial year. Therefore, an interest amounting to Rs. 9,963,151 was charged for three quarters. However, considering the financial position of the company, the directors forfeited the interest thereafter.

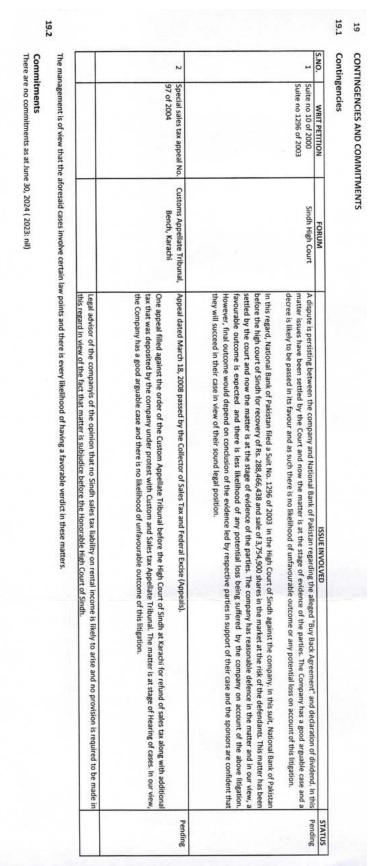
18 LOAN FROM ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKING SG Power Limited 71,422,097

18.1 This represents loan from S.G Power Limited ( the associated undertaking ) which is repayable on demand.

AS

71,422,097







		NOTE		2024 RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
20	SALES Sale of agricultural products			49 166 031	19 470 967
	Service income from cold storage			48,166,021 9,032,755	18,470,867 3,667,791
				57,198,776	22,138,658
21	COST OF SALES		_		
	Electricity, gas, steam and water			5,351,013	3,124,697
	Packaging Salaries & wages			1,205,103	1,090,147
	Nutrient			16,226,220	12,601,924 65,600
	Loader Expense			3,523,500	-
	Pesticides and Chemical			854,576	213,916
	Seeds			15,450	2,550
	Soil Testing			979,000	1,167,180
	Fertilizers			359,647 971,000	321,000 104,691
	Frieght Charges			1,090,188	328,440
	Compost			1,023,528	2,311,503
	Supplies & Material			-	127,458
	Raw Material Wheat Straw Mixing			6,039,072	1,934,498
	Depreciation expense			418,600 1,139,118	336,308 1,449,971
	Cost of goods available for sale		-	39,196,015	25,179,883
	Add: Opening Inventory - vertical farming			3,917,182	402,722
	Less: Ending inventory of vertical farming			(1,554,082)	(3,216,899)
			_	41,559,115	22,365,706
22	ADMINISTRATIVE AND SELLING EXPENSES				
	Directors' remuneration and amenities			6,060,000	5,740,000
	Salaries, allowances and benefits			30,278,443	29,404,488
	Advertisement expense Auditor's remuneration			672,643	513,100
	Bad debts against irrecoverable from staff		22.1	790,000 232,855	790,000
	Commission expense			1,381,815	190,539 957,088
	Conveyance			295,784	226,857
	Wages Expense			2,091,755	
	Courier & Postage			31,445	96,435
	Depreciation expense - Investing Property Depreciation expense - Property, Plant & equipment			3,257,560	3,086,110
	Entertainment			6,455,004	6,273,397
	Electricity expense			283,712 31,224,479	236,119 10,153,338
	Fuel for generator			1,785,715	2,193,703
	Generator fuel			1,445,223	640,343
	Gratuity expense			3,484,684	2,600,773
	Insurance			273,768	1,049,281
	Legal and professional Printing & stationery			2,726,709	4,258,359
	Property Tax			1,296,728 508,288	812,135 535,042
	Repairs and maintenance			8,286,317	4,425,991
	Rent, rates and taxes			318,750	413,800
	Safety and security			933,184	751,372
	Telephone and fax Travelling expenses			402,243	391,313
	Tax - Professional			1,064,242	861,396
	Delivery Expense			1,588,483 1,028,877	524,448
	Water Charges			2,665,371	3,496,919
	Labour Expesnses			1,102,500	
	Interest Expense			5,500	userstand man
	Misc Supplies & Tools			3,535,158	3,314,735
22.1	Auditor's remuneration			115,507,235	83,937,081
	Audit fee				
	Out of pocket expenses			600,000	500,000
	Tax consultancy services			15,000	15,000
	Review fee			75,000 100,000	175,000
			_	790,000	100,000 790,000
23	OTHER INCOME				130,000
	Rental income		_	83,049,302	77,065,700
24	FINANCIAL CHARGES				
	Bank charges and commission			35,687	20,980
				1/2/	
				Y	
				/	



Levy Minimum tax These represent minimum tax under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinano 21/IAS 12. TAXATION Current Deferred The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows: P	=		RUPEES 1,240,05 1,240,05 quirements of IFR
Minimum tax These represent minimum tax under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinand 21/IAS 12. TAXATION Current Deferred The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:	ice, 2001, representing	1,753,101 levies in terms of re	1,240,05
21/IAS 12. TAXATION Current Deferred 1 The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:	=	levies in terms of re	
21/IAS 12. TAXATION Current Deferred 1 The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:	=		quirements of IFF
Current Deferred 1 The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:	=	-	
Deferred The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:	=	-	
1 The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretation purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:	=		
purpose of taxation is available which can be analysed as follows:		(2,468,562) (2,468,562)	(1,364,97 (1,364,97
P	ns of the tax laws to en:	sure that sufficient p	ovision for the
	Provision for	Tax assessed	Difference
	taxation		
	(Rupees '000)		
2023	1,240,054	1,240,054	
2022	851,069	851,069	1
2021	10,941,937	10,941,937	-
<ol> <li>No numeric tax rate reconciliation is presented in these financial statement (Minimum tax on the income of certain persons) of the Income Tax Ordinar</li> <li>Tax expense on items recognized in other comprehensive income Remeasurement gain on staff gratuity</li> </ol>		1,037,349	1,662,8
LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED			1.00
1 Loss per share - basic			
Loss after taxation Weighted average number of shares	-	(16,138,497)	(8,359,4)
Loss per share	-	(1.08)	15,000,0
2 There is no dilution effect on the basic loss per share of the company as the			
TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES The related parties comprise of the associated companies, key managemer / balances with related parties during the year other than those which have follows:			
	ATURE OF ANSACTIONS	2024	
			2023
		RUPEES	2023 RUPEES
common directorship ele	rchase of ectricity	RUPEES	
common directorship electronic sector ship sector s	ectricity		RUPEES
common directorship electronic sector ship sector s	ectricity ectricity bills yment	17,302,191	RUPEES 3,348,238
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex pay       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren common directorship       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex common directorship	ectricity ectricity bills yment	17,302,191 11,444,726	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex pay       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren common directorship       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex rectors       Directors     Key management personnel     Dir	ectricity ment nt Receivable ectricity bills rectors' muneration	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 -
common directorshipelexS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex payS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipRen common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recDirectorsKey management personnelDir rem Mrs.Zubaida KhatoonKey management personnel	ectricity ment nt Receivable ectricity bills rectors' muneration an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 -	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 -
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex pay       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren common directorship       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex rec       Directors     Key management personnel     Dir rem       Mrs.Zubaida Khatoon     Key management personnel     Loa       Asim Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable sectricity bills ceivable rectors' muneration an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 - 155,000
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex pay       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren common directorship       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex rec       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex rec       Directors     Key management personnel     Dir rem Ars.Zubaida Khatoon       Key management personnel     Loa       Ghazala Saleem     Key management personnel     Loa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable ectricity bills rectors' muneration an repaid an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 -	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 1,55,000 1,525,000
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex       Directors     Key management personnel     Dir ren       Mrs.Zubaida Khatoon     Key management personnel     Loa       Asim Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa       Asim Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa       Asim Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable sectricity bills ceivable rectors' muneration an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 - 155,000
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex pay       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren common directorship       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex rec       Directors     Key management personnel     Dir ren Mrs.Zubaida Khatoon       Key management personnel     Loa       Ghazala Saleem     Key management personnel     Loa       Asim Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable ectricity bills rectors' muneration an repaid an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 1,55,000 1,525,000
common directorship     elex       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex pay       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Ren common directorship       S.G. Power Limited     Associated Company by virtue of common directorship     Elex rec       Directors     Key management personnel     Dir ren Mrs.Zubaida Khatoon       Key management personnel     Loa       Ghazala Saleem     Key management personnel     Loa       Asim Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa       Sohail Ahmed     Key management personnel     Loa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable ectricity bills ceivable rectors' muneration an repaid an repaid an transferred an received an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000 175,000 - - 16,008,824	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 1,55,000 1,525,000 41,287,253 - 7,541,481
common directorshipelexS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipRen common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recDirectorsKey management personnelDir renMrs.Zubaida KhatoonKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaSohail AhmedKey management personnelLoa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable ectricity bills ceivable rectors' muneration an repaid an repaid an rransferred an received	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000 175,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 - 155,000 1,525,000 41,287,253 -
common directorshipelexS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipRen common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recDirectorsKey management personnelDir renMrs.Zubaida KhatoonKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaSohail AhmedKey management personnelLoaSohail AhmedKey management personnelLoaBALANCES:Key management personnelLoa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable ectricity bills ceivable rectors' muneration an repaid an repaid an transferred an received an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000 175,000 - - 16,008,824	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 1,55,000 1,525,000 41,287,253 - 7,541,481
common directorshipelexS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipRen common directorshipS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recS.G. Power LimitedAssociated Company by virtue of common directorshipElex recDirectorsKey management personnelDir renMrs.Zubaida KhatoonKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaAsim AhmedKey management personnelLoaSohail AhmedKey management personnelLoaSohail AhmedKey management personnelLoaBALANCES:LoaLoa	ectricity sectricity bills yment nt Receivable ectricity bills ceivable rectors' muneration an repaid an repaid an transferred an received an repaid	17,302,191 11,444,726 1,071,700 1,881,770 6,097,650 - 155,000 175,000 - - 16,008,824	RUPEES 3,348,238 3,348,238 - - 5,470,000 1,55,000 1,525,000 41,287,253 - 7,541,481

19,063,817 19,238,817 17,913,126 18,088,126

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Balance payable

Balance payable

Key management personnel

Key management personnel

Asim Ahmed

Ghazala Saleem



#### 29 **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES**

	Chief Executiv	ve	Directors	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
		Rupees		
Remuneration	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,460,000	2,740,000
House Rent	-	-	-	-
Retirement Benefits	-	-	-	
Utilities	-		-	
	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,460,000	2,740,000
	1	1	2	1
9.1 There are no executives hired or	promoted during the year			
			2024	2023
			RUPEES	RUPEES
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CA	ATEGORY			

Financial Assets		
At amortized cost		
Long term deposits	95,714	95,714
Loans and other receivables	26,242,754	11,258,816
Cash and bank balances	19,513	8,489,329
	26,358,000	19,843,859
Financial Liabilities		
At amortized cost		
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	114,387,035	110,770,965
Short term and long term loan	92,039,491	92,039,491
Loan from directors	49,514,068	40,830,410
	255,940,595	243,640,866

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 31

The company's activities expose it to a verity of financial risk, market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost efficient funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimize earning volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's financial risk management framework. The board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

#### 31.1 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing returns.

#### 31.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered in foreign currencies. As at June 30, 2024, the company is not exposed to currency risk.

#### 31.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate risk arises from long and Short term borrowings from financial institutions. As at June 30, 2024, the interest rate risk profile of the Company's doesn't have any interest-bearing financial instrument.

#### 31.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As at June 30, 2024 the Company is not exposed to price risk.

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#### 31.5 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry. The Company does not have any significant exposure to customers from any single customer

Credit risk of the Company arises principally from trade debts, advances, deposits, other receivables and bank balances. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2024	2023
Long term deposits	95,714	95,714
Loans and other receivables	26,242,754	11,258,816
Bank balances	8,158	8,473,200
	26,346,626	19,827,730

Concentration of credit risks exists when changes on economic and industry factors similarly affect the group of counter parties whose aggregated credit exposure is significant on relation to the company's total credit exposure. The company's financial assets are broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy parties, thereby mitigating any significant concentration risk. Therefore, the company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

However, impairment analysis is always performed as each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. Generally trade debtors are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity.

Other financial assets at amortised cost includes advances, deposits and other receivables

The credit quality of balances with banks can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings as shown below:

Bank	Rating agency	Short- term Rating	2024	2023
3 C			( Rupee	ts )
Summit Bank Ltd	JCR - VIS	A-3	106	106
Bankislami Pakistan Limited	PACRA	A-1	1,201	142,242
Samba Bank Limited	JCR - VIS	A-1	1,855	1,855
Bank Al-Habib Limited	PACRA	A-1+	7,168	6,710,447
Habib Metro	PACRA	A-1+	(3,310)	764,225
Standard Chartered Bank	PACRA	A-1+	285	854,326
Meezan Bank	JCR - VIS	A-1+	853	-
		setutoroa	9 1 5 9	8 473 200

#### 31.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or would have difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments, excluding the impact of netting agreements:

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

2023	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Total
Loan from directors		49,514,068			49,514,068
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	6,551,126	107,835,910			114,387,035
Current maturity of loan from directors	-			-	-
Current portion of long term loan			71,422,097	-	71,422,097
Interest on short term and long term loan			20,617,394		20,617,394
Overdue of loan from directors	12	-			
Total	6,551,126	157,349,978	92,039,491		255,940,595
2023	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Greater than 5	Total
Loan from directors	•	40,830,410	•	e	40,830,410
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	3,637,402	107,133,563	-	-	110,770,965
Current maturity of loan from directors					
Current portion of long term loan			71,422,097	-	71,422,097
Interest on short term and long term loan			20,617,394		20,617,394
Overdue of loan from directors	•				
Total	3,637,402	147,963,973	92,039,491		243,640,866

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and availability of financing through banking arrangements, which includes Short term finances.



#### 32 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of all the financial instruments reflected in the financial statements approximates to their fair values.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

#### Fair value hierarchy;

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1: fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
 Level 2: fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

- Level 3: fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2024, the company has no financial instruments that falls into any of the above category. There were no transfer between level 1, 2 and 3 in the year.

#### 33 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of the company when managing capital i-e its shareholder's equity is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The company manage its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions consistent with others in the industry. The company manages its capital risk by monitoring its liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectation of the shareholders.

As at June 30, 2024 and 2023, the company had surplus reserves to meet its requirements.

The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 is as follows:	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Total Debts*	92,039,491	92,039,491
Cash and bank balances	19,513	(8,489,329)
Net Debts	92,059,004	83,550,162
Share capital	150,000,000	150,000,000
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	1,231,111,655	1,236,418,859
Share premium	337,400,000	337,400,000
Revenue reserve	(782,202,292)	(772,107,516)
Loan from directors	261,574,406	261,574,406
Equity	1,197,883,769	1,213,285,748
Capital	1,289,942,773	1,296,835,910
Gearing ratio (debt / (debt + Equity)	7%	6%

\*These comprise of long term loan, interest on short term and long term,overdue of loan from directors.

#### 34 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT OF LIABILITIES TO CASH FLOWS ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Interest On Short Term And Long Term Loan	Loan from directors	Loan from associated undertaking	Total
		(Rupee	s)	••••••
Balance as at 1 July 2023	20,617,394	302,404,816	71,422,097	394,444,307
Repayment of loans	-	25,042,480		25,042,480
Proceeds from loans	-	(16,358,822)		(16,358,822)
Total changes from financingcash flows	-	8,683,658	-	8,683,657
Other changes including non-cash:				
Deferred grant				
Finance cost				
Total liability related other changes	100		-	
		311,088,474	71,422,097	403,127,964

n



I liability related other changes	-		-	
nce cost				•
ers	-	-		
erred grant	**		**	·
changes including non-cash:				
hanges from financingcash flows		31,330,410	-	31,330,410
eds from loans		41,921,891		41,921,891
ment of loans		(10,591,481)	-	(10,591,481
lows:				
e as at 1 July 2022	177 C # 777 P # 257 C 5	271,074,406	71,422,097	363,113,897
	ment of loans ds from loans hanges from financingcash flows changes including non-cash: rred grant rrs	ows: ment of loans ds from loans hanges from financingcash flows changes including non-cash: rred grant rrs nce cost	ows: ment of loans (10,591,481) ds from loans 41,921,891 hanges from financingcash flows 31,330,410 changes including non-cash: rred grant rrs nce cost	ows:        (10,591,481)          ds from loans        41,921,891          hanges from financingcash flows        31,330,410          changes including non-cash:            rred grant            rs            nce cost

		2023	2023
		RUPEES	RUPEES
35	CAPACITY & PRODUCTION		
	Production capacity for vertical farming	6000 KG	5500 KG
	Actual production for vertical farming	3800 KG	3500 KG
	Capacity cold storage(tonnes)	450	425
	Actual usage for cold storage(tonnes)	315	297.5

Cold Storage

-----(Rupees)-----

Rental

Actual production was sufficient to meet the demand.

Sales

#### 36 Segment Report Disclosure

2024

Turnover	48,166,021	9,032,755	83,049,302	140,248,078
Cost of sales and services	(24,935,469)	(12,830,985)	(3,792,661)	(41,559,115)
Gross profit	23,230,552	(3,798,229)	79,256,641	98,688,963
Administrative and selling expenses	(57,753,617)	(23,101,447)	(34,652,170)	(115,507,235)
Other income				_
Operating profit / (loss)	(34,523,065)	(26,899,676)	44,604,470	(16,818,271)
Finance costs	(17,843)	(14,275)	(3,569)	(35,687)
Profit / (loss) before levy & taxation	(34,540,909)	(26,913,951)	44,600,901	(16,853,958)
Levy	(602,075)	(112,909)	(1,038,116)	(1,753,101)
Profit / (loss) before taxation Taxation	(35,142,984)	(27,026,860)	43,562,785 2,468,562	(18,607,059) 2,468,562
Profit / (loss) after taxation	(34,540,909)	(26,913,951)	47,069,464	(16,138,497)
OTHER INFORMATION Segment assets	219,348,683	20,732,980	61,893,646	301,975,309
Unallocated assets				1,216,565,144
Total assets				1,518,540,452
Segmentliabilities	112,229,839	48,098,502	128,262,673	290,845,762
Unallocated liabilities				29,810,920
Total liabilities				320,656,682
Capital expenditure			-	
Unallocated capital expenditure	e			2
Total capital expenditure			3 <del></del>	
Depreciation	6,718,706	875,416	3,257,560	10,851,682

My

Total



2023	Sales	Cold Storage	Rental	Total
		(Rupees)		
Turnover	18,470,867	3,667,791	77,065,700	99,204,358
Cost of sales and services	(11,182,853)	(8,946,282)	(2,236,571)	(22,365,706)
Gross profit	7,288,014	(5,278,491)	74,829,129	76,838,652
Administrative and selling expenses	(42,651,028)	(34,120,822)	(8,530,206)	(85,302,057)
Other income Operating profit / (loss)	- (35,363,014)	(39,399,314)	66,298,924	(8,463,403)
Finance costs	(10,490)	(8,392)	(2,098)	(20,980)
Profit / (loss) before levy &	(35,373,504)	(39,407,706)	66,296,826	(8,484,384)
Levy	(230,886)	(45,847)	(963,321)	(1,240,054)
Profit / (loss) before taxation	(35,604,390)	(39,453,553)	65,333,505 1,364,975	(9,724,438) 1,364,975
Profit / (loss) after taxation	(35,373,504)	(39,407,706)	67,661,800	(8,359,463
OTHER INFORMATION Segment assets Unallocated assets	122,956,053	17,508,316	65,151,206	205,615,575 1,316,797,627
Total assets				1,522,413,202
Segment liabilities	108,194,609	46,369,118	123,650,981	290,845,762
Unallocated liabilities				18,281,692
Total liabilities				309,127,454
Capital expenditure	-		-	
Unallocated capital expenditure				-
Total capital expenditure				
Depreciation	4,059,257	3,321,210	3,429,011	10,809,478
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES				
			2024	2023
Number of employees at the year-end			67	70
Average number of employees			67	70

Corresponding figures have been reclassified wherever necessary to reflect more appropriate presentation of events and transactions for 38 the purpose of comparison in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Following major reclassifications occur during the year

Description	Reclassified from	Reclassified to	Amount
Salaries, allowances	Administrative and selling expenses	Cost of sales	12,601,924

DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE 39

**Chief Executive** 

37

0 Director

N QU MM **Chief Financial Officer** 



# NOTICE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DETAILS OF CATIGORIE OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Financial Institution	No. of Sharholders	Total
National Bank of Paksitan		3,754,900
Allied Bank Limited		788,800
		4,543,700

### DIRECTORS, CEO, THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN

Individual

Sohail Ahmed	5,228,300
Asim Ahmed	500
Ghazala	1,306,850
Saba Sohial	500
Sana Sohail	500
Bina Sohail	500
Farhan Sohail	500
	6,537,650

ind viduu	
Zubaida Khatoon	2,614,200
Aliya Shahid	1,304,450
	3,918,650
Total	1,500,00
Shareholders Holding 10% or More Voting interest in the company	
as at June 30, 2022	
DIRECTOR, CEO, THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN	
Sohail Ahmed 5,228,300	34,86%
Asim Ahmed 500	0.003%
Financial Institutions	
National Bank of Pakistan 3,754,900	25.03%



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DETAILS OF CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

No. of Share Holders	Sha	<b>Total Shares</b>	
No. of Share Holders	From	То	Total Shares Held
1	101	500	500
1	785001	790,000	788,800
2	1305001	1,310,000	2,613,000
3	2610001	2,615,000	7,842,800
1	3750001	3,755,000	3,754,900
8			15,000,000

Categories of Shareholders	Numbers	Share Held	Percentage
DIRECTORS, CEO, THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN	7	6,537,650	43.58%
Financial Institutions	2	4,543,700	30.29%
Individual	1	3,918,650	26.12%
	10	15,000,000	100%



## FORM OF PROXY

The Secretary			
SG Allied Bus	siness Limited		
B-40, S.I.T.E.,	,		
Karachi.			
I/We	of	being a member of SG Allied Business Limited, and I	ıolder
of	C	rdinary shares hereby appoint	of
	as	me / our proxy to attend and vote for me / our behalf a	s the
55th Annual C	General Meeting of the C	ompany to be held on Monday, October 28, 2024 at 11:00 a.m.	and
at Any adjourn	nment thereof:		
In witness my	/our hand seal this	day of 2	024
Signed by		Please affix	
		Rs. 5/- Revenue	
		Stamp	
In the presence	e of	Signature of Member	
Folio No			

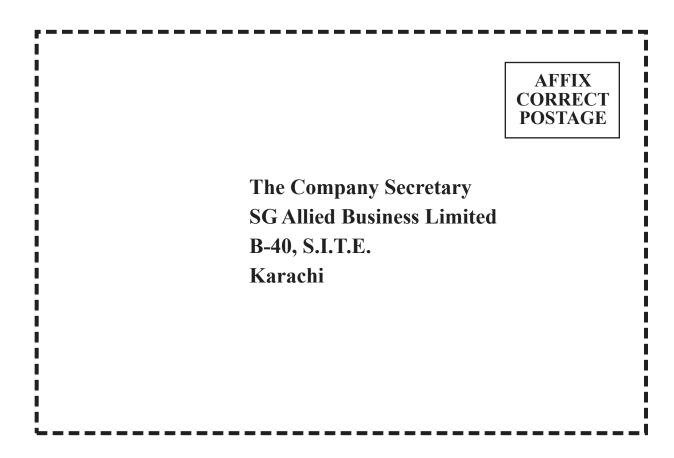
## IMPORTANT

- This proxy form duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company, B-40, S.I.T.E., Karachi, not less then 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting and must be duly signed and witnessed.
- 2. A Proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 3. If a member appoint more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.

### For CDC Account Holders / Corporate Entities:

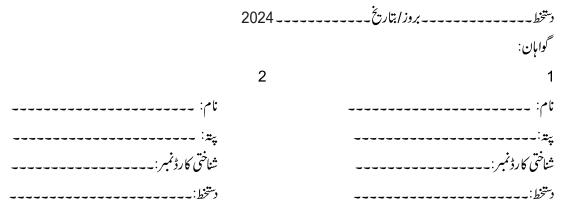
- 1. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC number shall be mentioned on the form.
- 2. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 3. The proxy shall produce his/her original passport at the time of the meeting.
- 4. In case of Government of Pakistan, State Bank of Pakistan, Corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the company.



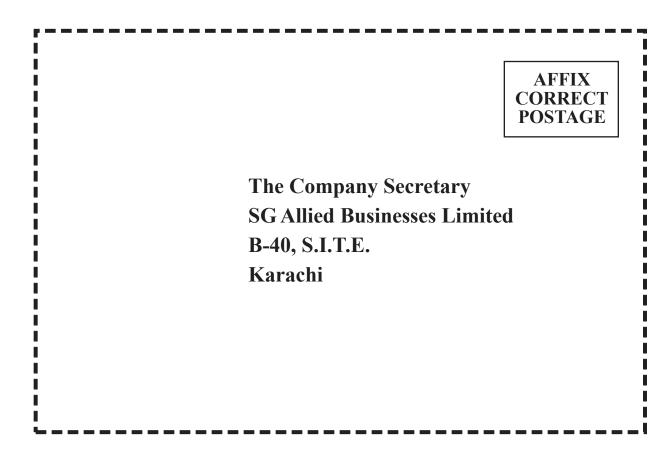




فارم برائے نمائندگی چوونواں سالا نہ اجلاس سمپنی سیریٹری اليس جي الائيڈ برنسزلميٹڈ B-40،سائٹ کراچی کراچی۔ پاکستان میں/ہم بحثیت ایس جی الائیڈ بزنسز کمیٹڈ کےرکن (اراکین )۔۔۔۔۔ بداد دریزی شیئر فولیونمبر۔۔۔۔ بطابق بحثیت رکن کمپنی میں/میرانمائندہ چھپنواں سالا نہاجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کے اہل ہے/ میں جو کہ بروز پیر 28 اکتوبر 2024 کومنعقد ہوگا پالتوا کی صورت میں (بعد میں ) میری یا ہماری جانب سے اہل ہے / ہوں گے۔







# Annual Report 2024

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